

THE BOURBON NEWS.

CHAMP & BRO., Editors and Owners.

PRINTED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

Established February 1, 1881.

TWENTIETH YEAR.

PARIS, BOURBON CO., KY., FRIDAY, JULY 20, 1900.

NO.

Our Pleasure Vehicles !

Persons who contemplate the purchase of a pleasure vehicle of any kind, will find a desirable line to select from at my warehouse. We have sold a number of handsome wagons and traps and all have given satisfaction. Of course, we sell almost everything that runs on wheels.

Don't think of buying until you see my line and get my prices.



J. SIMMS WILSON.

A WISE WOMAN

Will exercise good judgment in buying her groceries, getting only the freshest and best. Being next door to a wholesale grocery, we keep the very best and freshest goods to be bought. If we haven't what you order, it only takes a moment to get it. We have many Summer dainties for the table and will be glad to tell you of them. Our 'Phone is 11. Orders filled promptly.

DOW & SPEARS.



FOOTWEAR FOR SUMMER.

The coolest and best Shoe made for Summer wear is the famous

HANAN SHOE.

It is guaranteed to fit the foot perfectly and the Shoe will hold its shape. The Hanan is made on lines that comprise style, beauty, comfort and common sense. Come in and take a look at my large line of these Shoes.

GEO. McWILLIAMS.

STAGE STORIES.

Amusement Announcements, Lobby Chat-ter—Old Bits of Gossip.

The Bostonians will begin their next tour at the Columbia Theatre, Brooklyn, October 1st, and will visit all the large cities, presenting "The Viceroy."

Klaw & Erlanger have secured Della Fox. Last Tuesday she signed a contract with them to play under their direction for a term of years. The season of 1901-2 Klaw & Erlanger will place Miss Fox at the head of her own company in a play which will be written for her. Miss Fox has entirely recovered from her recent very severe illness and her friends and admirers will undoubtedly be pleased to learn that she has so speedily secured such a fine engagement with flattering prospects for the following years.

WIEDEMANN.

What the people want now-a-days is neat, clean comedies at a price of admission that will enable them to take the whole family without spending a whole week's salary. Realizing this fact, Manager Wiedemann has secured a company of twenty-five people from the leading stock people in the profession and will open a week's engagement at the opera house on Monday, July 23rd, presenting as an opening bill the four-act comedy, "About Town." The rehearsals opened on Monday, July 16th, and the organization opens their season here. A strong feature of this attraction is the specialty acts, making the performances continuous and avoiding the long waits between acts. The White Hussar Band and Metropolitan Orchestra is an additional feature and will please lovers of high-class music. Ladies will be admitted free on Monday night, when accompanied by an escort, (lady or gentleman) holding one threepence ticket, purchased before six o'clock Monday night. The prices are 10, 20 and 30 cents. The sale of seats opens at Borland's this morning.

Manager Borland is placing eight large electric fans in the auditorium, and patrons of the house next week may feel assured that they will be comfortable.

Advice from his Summer home at Indianapolis say that Sol Smith Russell, the noted actor, has been compelled to again cancel his engagements for next season owing to ill health.

Jean de Reszke's friends say that he is only a victim of influenza, and that his voice is all right. He failed to appear before Queen Victoria Monday, but it is announced that he will sing Saturday.

Call and see our new photograph gallery in Agricultural Bank building. It is a nicely finished one, complete with ladies dressing rooms, reception rooms complete. First-class work guaranteed. The latest finish and also a nice line of cards. Call and see us. It will save you money and time.

J. R. WHITLOCK, Manager.

In a three-handed fight on the streets of Hawsville at six o'clock Monday evening between Allen and Frank Pulliam and Jack Hasson, Hasson was killed instantly and Allen Pulliam died three hours later. Frank Pulliam was unhurt. Hasson, though shot through the heart, fired four shots before he fell, one of them making the fatal wound and two others striking the body of his antagonist.

WHAT you are looking for these hot days and nights is entertainment—something to make you forget its heat you'll find it at the Lexington Fair August 13-18. Many free features. The Arcadian Villa has more sensational attractions than were ever congregated under one management. See small bills and posters. Reduced rates on all railroads.

THE FARM AND TURF.
News for the Farmer, Trader and Stock Raiser.

Ossian Edwards sold in Cincinnati last week fourteen hds. of tobacco at \$14.75 to \$8.50.

Joe Lair worked George Todd, a yearling pacer, by Jay Bird, a quarter in 38 seconds, and says he is the fastest youngster he ever handled. George Todd is the property of John M. Breman.

John T. Hughes, of Fayette, was here yesterday looking for fine horses.

George, 2;13 $\frac{3}{4}$, and 2;19 $\frac{1}{2}$, pacing, by Scarlet Wilkes, stepped a half at the pace in one minute flat over the Charter Oak Park track last week for Jerome Kenney, who says he looks good for the 2:20 class for pacers.

S. D. Burbridge has the most promising yearling he ever owned, by Scarlet Wilkes, out of a Cyclone mare.

Geraldine won the M. & M. \$10,000 stake at Detroit.

The prospect for a full crop of grapes in this section is good. Some of the earlier variety will soon be ripe.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Samuel C. Baldwin died on last Saturday at her home in Madison county, and a few hours later her son, Robert D. Baldwin, died at Winchester. Both were buried in the same grave.

Fred B. McDonald, aged sixty-five, died Tuesday near Clintonville, after an illness of six months. He leaves a wife and six children.

DWIGHT BOWDEN, of Millersburg, has secured a clerkship at the Windsor Hotel.

BIRTHS.

In this city, Sunday, to the wife of Walker Ewalt, nee Kiser, a daughter—second born.

In this city, Tuesday, to the wife of James Powers, a ten-pound daughter—second born.

SPECIAL.—The Cynthiana Fair offers as a special attraction the celebrated Miers family of four artists, wonderfull aquatic wonders. August 1, 2, 3 and 4.

TO THE SEASIDE.

From Louisville and Cincinnati Without Changing Cars.

The annual excursion to the seashore August 9th, over Pennsylvania Short Lines, sleeping cars will be run from Louisville and Cincinnati to Atlantic City without change via Philadelphia and Delaware River Bridge Route. The round trip rate from Cincinnati \$14, good returning twelve days, including date of sale. Excursionists may take their choice of ten of the most popular summer havens on the Atlantic Coast, viz: Atlantic City, Cape May, Sea Isle City, Wildwood, New Jersey, Ocean City, Maryland, and Rehoboth, Delaware. For particulars apply to C. H. Hagerty, D. P. Agt., Louisville, Ky., or Geo. E. Rockwell, A. G. P. Agt., Cincinnati.

[JULY 31-32]

NOTICE.—Great balloon ascensions at the Cynthiana Fair, Aug. 1, 2, 3 and 4.

To The Dear.

A rich lady cured of her deafness and noises in the head by Dr. Nicholson's Artificial Ear Drums, gave \$10,000 to his Institute so that deaf people unable to afford the Ear Drums, may have them free. Address No. 4,372, The Nicholson Institute, 780 Eighth Ave., New York.

WILMINGTON, Ill., Sep. 21st, 1898.

W. B. CALDWELL.
Dear Sir—I take great pleasure in adding my testimony as to the efficacy of Dr. Caldwell's Srup Peppermint as used in our Home. We use it in all cases of Constipation and indigestion.

Respectfully, Eva J. Sweet, Nurse.

Soldiers' Widows' Home.

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THE TRIAL OF POWERS

A Republican Testified Defendant Wanted to Raise an Armed Mob.

W. H. Culton, Himself Under Indictment, Called to the Stand—The Defense Raised a Point of His Eligibility.

Georgetown, Ky., July 17.—The trial of former Secretary of State Caleb Powers, charged with being accessory to the Goebel murder, was resumed at 9:30.

A letter signed by Caleb Powers, in which this expression was used:

"I have had a hard time getting Taylor and others to start, but they are all right now, and this thing will soon end," was filed and made a part of the record.

Mrs. Anderson reiterated her statement made on Saturday that many of the telegrams on file in her office for the months of January and February had been tampered with. The defense objected to introduction of several telegrams as evidence because they were only copies. The objection was overruled. The first telegram read from Powers to the various captains charged with the business of getting up the excursion of mountain men to go to Frankfort, and most of them read:

"How many can you insure from your county. Wire immediately."

(Signed) C. POWERS.

The defense filed a formal objection to their competency as evidence.

Georgetown, Ky., July 18.—Finley Anderson, who was in the witness box testifying in the Powers' case when the court adjourned Monday, resumed his testimony Tuesday morning.

In the course of his testimony witness said that on January 24 Caleb Powers told him that the crowd of mountaineers which was being organized were going to Frankfort to intimidate the legislature, and, if necessary, to kill enough democrats to give the republicans a majority. He said "Powers told me Goebel would never live to be governor, and said he (Powers) would kill him if nobody else would."

The conversation to which witness referred was on the day preceding the advent of the 1,200 mountaineers upon Frankfort. Witness said he heard Powers and others talking about Goebel wearing a coat of mail, but some of them said he could be killed anyway.

Powers was in conference with ex-Secretary of State Chas. Finley, Wharton Golden, Robert Noakes and others. The defendant did not lose his composure during the damaging testimony against him, except for a moment when his face showed signs of distress.

Tinsley conducted the cross-examination and extracted from the witness the fact that he had called on Col. T. C. Campbell, in Cincinnati. The witness became badly confused and could not recall who took him to Col. Campbell, though he claimed several people were with him at the time. He denied that either Justus or Arthur Goebel assisted him in getting employment in Cincinnati, and denied that his trip to Cincinnati was for the purpose of becoming a witness in the Powers case.

Judge Tinsley asked witness if he had been promised anything for his evidence. The witness replied he had not. "But you have been given employment in Cincinnati," said Judge Tinsley. "I have a job there, but they did not get it for me," was the reply.

It developed that young Anderson had made an affidavit in Cincinnati which is in the possession of Col. Campbell, and the defense asked that this be produced in court. The court ruled that it must be produced.

Miss Lucy Brock, of London, Laurel county, was the next witness. She knew defendant well, and had corresponded with him for over two years past. Caleb Powers called on her in January. He told witness he was getting up a crowd of 1,000 mountain men to go to Frankfort, "so that in case the democrats robbed them of the state offices they would take care of themselves."

Witness said Powers had \$1,000 in bills. He said Gov. Taylor furnished the money, and it was to be used to bring the men to Frankfort.

Georgetown, Ky., July 19.—The Powers murder conspiracy case was resumed Wednesday morning with the promise that several minor witnesses would be heard first, but that during the day some very sensational evidence will be brought out. Jno. A. Black, of Barbourville, a banker of that place and a republican of prominence, was the first witness. He said Powers came to him in January to advise him as to the propriety of the mountain organization which Powers was getting up.

"I asked Powers," said witness, "what sort of a crowd he was getting up, and he said he was organizing an armed mob to go to Frankfort. I discouraged this and told him it would injure the republican party, would be a stigma on our end of the state and ought to be abandoned.

Powers, however, insisted that the men should be formed. His idea was that it would intimidate the legislature."

Black continuing, said: "I saw Mr. Powers later and again remonstrated against the formation of the mob which was going to Frankfort. Powers told me it was being formed with the approval of Gov. Taylor. Chas. Finley and other republican leaders at Frankfort. Chas. Finley also came to me and endeavored to get me to co-operate with them. I protested bitterly. Powers became very angry with me on account of the position I took. I tried to dissuade them from

the dirty hand, and to send good citizens, people of influence if any crowd was to be sent."

A check from Chas. Finley to the L. & N. railroad for \$1,000 for transportation of the men to Frankfort was produced by Black in response to a question from the prosecution.

On cross-examination Black said that Finley claimed the mountaineers were being taken to Frankfort to "influence" the legislature. Powers said his purpose was to "intimidate" that body. At this answer, Col. Campbell slapped himself on the knee which brought forth an objection from the defense to such a demonstration in the presence of the jury. Continuing, witness said he "never heard Powers make threats against Goebel, except in a general way. He referred to the crowd he was getting up as a mob."

J. W. Siler, banker of Williamsburg, was asked concerning \$1,000 loaned to Chas. Finley for the purpose of transporting men to Frankfort. Witness could not give date of the check and a subpoena duces tecum was awarded against the bank to require its production in court. W. H. Culton, who is himself under indictment as an accessory and supposed to be the star witness of the prosecution for Wednesday, was called next.

The defense, through Mr. Owens, raised a point against the eligibility of Culton as a witness, he being under indictment along with Powers and others as a co-conspirator and not having been tried. The jury was excluded during the argument of the point. Judge Sims presented the objections of the defense to the competency of Culton as a witness against Powers. Mr. Sims contended that Culton could not be introduced as a witness unless the commonwealth had previously nullified the prosecution against him as a conspirator.

"In law," said Judge Sims, "the acts and declarations of one conspirator are the acts and declarations of all, and to place Culton on the stand is substantially the same as requiring the defendant to testify against himself."

Commonwealth's Attorney Franklin in response contended that the privilege to testify or not to testify that Chas. Finley had, and that the defendant, Powers, had no right to raise the question of eligibility.

At the conclusion of the argument as to Culton's eligibility the court told the lawyers on both sides to prepare their authorities on the question involved and present them to him Wednesday afternoon. Court recessed.

Judge Cantrill Wednesday afternoon

ruled that while at common law a party to a crime could not testify against a co-conspirator so long as he himself remained untried, that rule was abrogated under the law of this state, and that Culton was a competent witness, the right to testify being a personal privilege.

Culton again resumed the stand. The court instructed the witness that he might or might not testify, as he might desire, and if he did so he was not required to tell anything that would tend to incriminate himself, but could refuse to answer such questions. He said he was testifying of his own free will. Col. Campbell conducted the direct examination.

Georgetown, Ky., July 19.—The principal witness in the trial of Caleb Powers was W. H. Culton, who is one of the suspects himself. He told about Powers raising the force of mountain men, and that Powers said that when the men arrived at Frankfort they would give the democratic legislators 30 minutes in which to settle the contests, "and if they didn't settle it in that time we would kill every d—d one of them."

Culton further said that Henry Youtsey came to him and told him he had found a way Goebel could be killed and no one find out who did it. Youtsey said it could be done from the secretary of state's office, and showed some steel bullets. Witness told Youtsey such a thing should not be done. Ex-Gov. Bradley told witness he had heard Goebel was to be killed, and said it must not be done. Witness saw Youtsey again, and the latter said the idea had been abandoned. Culton said Powers distributed the money among the various captains who were to bring the mountaineers to Frankfort. Did not know who furnished it. Gov. Taylor furnished him the money to bring the Jackson county crowd. Witness heard W. R. Johnson, of Jackson county, talking about killing Goebel with nitroglycerine.

Intruders Peacefully Leaving.

Washington, July 19.—Agent Randal, of the Wichita Indian agency, in Kansas, telegraphed the Indian bureau that Frank B. Farwell, chief of police, has just reported that all of the intruders on the reservation, about 1,500 in number, were leaving peacefully and that there is no necessity for the employment of troops.

The men had gone there prospecting for minerals, through an error in the wording of the ratification of the treaty opening the reservation to settlement.

Hot Weather Throughout Europe.

London, July 19.—The heat continues throughout Europe. The mercury indicated 55 degrees in the shade in London. The hospitals are busy caring for victims of heat prostration.

Nine fatal cases occurred on Wednesday. Laborers are obliged to knock off work during the hottest hours of the day.

Shipping Gold to Paris.

New York, July 18.—It is currently reported in foreign exchange circles that gold to the amount of several millions of dollars will be shipped to Paris on the French liner leaving this port next Thursday.

BOXERS WANT BLOOD.

A Stern Proclamation Issued to That Effect and Scattered Throughout the Empire.

War on the World, for Which China Has Been Secretly Preparing, Fairly Begun.

Prince Tuan Mobilized 950,000 Chinese Soldiers, Divided Into Different Troops, and is Prepared For Battle.

Further Details of the Fighting at Tien-Tsin—Thirty Missionaries in the Province of Shun Tung Probably Massacred.

London, July 19.—While evidence accumulates daily that China has long been preparing a formidable military organization in anticipation of the present conflict, and that the area of rebellion is continually extending, harmony among the allies, which is necessary to meet such a grave situation, is still deplorably lacking. The Russians have refused Adm. Seymour's request to hand over the restored Taku-Tsin railway to the English company, and it is rumored that Prince Tuan has ordered a great military movement, owing to the appearance of the Japanese in China. The viceroy of Nanking has informed the foreign consuls there that he can not be answerable for events in Chao Sin, Ning Po and Chu Chan. The foreigners are fleeing to Shanghai. The position is alarming. Sixteen foreigners have arrived at Nanking from Ningpo, where the houses of foreigners have been burned and missionaries horribly maltreated.

Still more alarming news has been conveyed to the Daily Express from Tokyo to the effect that the apparent reluctance of Germany and Russia to consent to a Japanese army for the army corps has led the Japanese government to delay the forwarding of the divisions already mobilized. The rebellion has taken hold of southern China. The foreigners at Chu Chan and in Chau, have been attacked and are fleeing panic stricken. Washington, July 19.—The following dispatch has been received at the navy department:

"Che-Foo, July 18.—Bureau of Navigation, Washington: Latest report does not indicate that army officers, Maj. Lee, Capt. Brewster, Lieut. Naylor, Hammond and Waldron are wounded. Capt. C. G. Long, marine corps, wounded; Second Lieut. L. R. Lang, army, wounded. An aide has gone to Tien-Tsin to get accurate information." REMEY."

A similar line of comment is taken by the other morning papers. All applaud the course of Count von Bülow, German foreign secretary, in stopping cipher telegrams from the Chinese legation in Berlin, and all urge the other powers to follow Germany's example.

The Russian general staff reports that the Chinese have captured Blagoveshchensk, capital of the province of Amur, and it is reported from Irkutsk that the Russians have taken Aigun.

A special dispatch from Tien-Tsin distributes the number of those killed at the capture of the native city as follows: Russians, 100; Japanese, 57; British, 40, and Americans, 37. The correspondent who sends this asserts that thousands of Chinese were killed and that fighting was still going on when this message was sent in various parts of Tien-Tsin.

With reference to the rumors that Europeans were seen working the Chinese guns at Tien-Tsin, the Standard learns that eight Russian military instructors forcibly detained by the Chinese were compelled to work the guns. One escaped and reached the Russian lines with his hands bound.

The first Boxer proclamation has

made its appearance in Shanghai. It declares that Kwan, the war god, deserves the blood of foreigners, and threatens ten plagues if the Boxer tenets are not followed and spread.

The governors of the provinces of Hu Nan, Hu Pi and Ho Nan have now openly joined Prince Tuan and are marching overland with their armies to Peking.

A German relief column sent into the interior of the province of Shan Tung to endeavor to rescue a party of 20 missionaries—German, American and English—has returned without having obtained any tidings of their whereabouts, and it is feared that all have been slain.

Tien-Tsin, July 13, 7 p. m. (via Che-Foo, July 16, and Shanghai, July 18).—The battle which was begun with the attack by 7,000 of the allied forces upon the walls of the native city at 2 o'clock this afternoon continued all day, two battalions of the 9th participating. It is reported that 215 of this command were killed and wounded, including 10 or 15 officers. Col. E. H. Liscum was killed, and Maj. Jesse M. Lee and James Reagan, Captains Charles R. Noyes, Andrew Brewster and Edwin V. Bookmiller and First Lieuts. William K. Naylor, Louis B. Lawton, Harold Hammond and Ira C. Waldron were wounded. Among the United States marines the casualties numbered 40. Capt. Austin R. Davis was killed, and Capt. William B. Lemley and First Lieut. Henry Leonard and Smedley D. Butler were wounded.

The American contingent, after lying in shallow, hastily dug trenches, full of water, facing the south wall of the city, and suffering for want of water and food, besides being short of ammunition, were ordered by Gen. Doward to retire under cover until darkness.

A messenger has arrived here who left Peking July 1. The foreigners at that time were all in the British legation. Chinese troops were begin-

ning to bombard the legations from the streets. The legations had been under rifle fire for a week previously, and in that time four foreigners had been killed and 13 wounded. The marines had unsuccessfully attempted to capture a gun on a wall commanding the legations. The foreigners were supplied with an abundance of provisions.

Brussels, July 19.—The Belgian consul at Hong Kong telegraphs that Li Hung Chang passed through that city on his way to the north. Before his departure the viceroy had a long interview with the governor of Hong Kong. The secretary of the legation at Shanghai telegraphs that, according to Chinese information, the foreigners in Peking have taken refuge in the palace of Prince Ching.

St. Petersburg, July 19.—A dispatch from Che-Foo says:

Prince Tuan has mobilized 950,000 men, divided into different corps. The northern corps has been ordered to expel foreigners from Amur. The Peking army, which is divided into four corps, is the first to operate against Mukden and occupy the roads between Peking and Shan Hai Kuan; the second is to concentrate at Tien-Tsin, and the third at Peking, from whence a column numbering 40,000 will be sent to Wei Hai Wei and Tsin Tau, while the fourth corps will concentrate at Nanking.

There are now 23,000 Japanese troops in China.

The Chinese fleet is concentrating in the China sea, and hostilities are expected.

A dispatch from Nanking announces that Prince Tuan has ordered a great military movement, owing to the appearance of the Japanese in China. The viceroy of Nanking has informed the foreign consuls there that he can not be answerable for events in Chao Sin, Ning Po and Chu Chan. The foreigners are fleeing to Shanghai. The position is alarming. Sixteen foreigners have arrived at Nanking from Ningpo, where the houses of foreigners have been burned and missionaries horribly maltreated.

Washington, July 19.—An important question in connection with the payment of troops on Chinese service has been decided by the paymaster general of the war department. An act of congress last May provided for a 10 per cent. increase of pay of officers engaged in service in our insular possessions and a 20 per cent. increase for enlisted men over and above the amount provided for in time of peace.

The pay department will hold, regarding the troops now in China, that where a regiment is getting 25 per cent. of its men disabled in a single engagement, it is doing war duty, whatever may be the diplomatic view of the situation. This secures for the enlisted men their 20 per cent. increase, although it will not affect the officers.

TWO DEAD, THREE INJURED.

A Freight Train Dashes Into Crowd of Nearly 3,000 People at Johnstown, Pa.

Johnstown, Pa., July 19.—As the result of an accident at the Pennsylvania railroad station in this city, when a freight train plunged into a crowd of 2,700 people waiting to board an excursion train bound for Altoona to spend the day, five persons were injured, two of whom are dead and two probably fatally injured.

The dead are: Luther Begley, aged 15 months, son of J. C. Begley, of Windber; Frank Urbach, aged 13 years, son of Frank Urbach, sr., of Upper Yoder.

The injured are: James Begley, editor of the Windber Journal, bruised, cut and suffering from concussion of the brain; Annie Begley, wife of James Begley, leg badly crushed, amputated at hospital, probably fatal; Frank Urbach, sr., of Upper Yoder township, bruised and cut.

It was the occasion of the annual outing of the A. O. U. W., and a crowd of over 2,700 persons had gathered to take excursion trains for Altoona. The first section had just stopped in front of the depot, and a general rush for the train was in progress when a fast freight dashed around the curve a short distance from the station. A wild scene followed in the scramble for places of safety, but before all could get out of the way the freight train was upon them, catching those above mentioned. The injured were removed to the hospital, where they are now.

OUR TROOPS GET AN INCREASE

Paymaster's Department Stretches a Point in Favor of the Fighting-
ers in the Far East.

Washington, July 19.—An important question in connection with the payment of troops on Chinese service has been decided by the paymaster general of the war department. An act of congress last May provided for a 10 per cent. increase of pay of officers engaged in service in our insular possessions and a 20 per cent. increase for enlisted men over and above the amount provided for in time of peace.

The pay department will hold, regarding the troops now in China, that where a regiment is getting 25 per cent. of its men disabled in a single engagement, it is doing war duty, whatever may be the diplomatic view of the situation. This secures for the enlisted men their 20 per cent. increase, although it will not affect the officers.

ALL NATIONS TO AID.

Requests Made to the Small States of Europe and Communications Will Be Sent to the Republics.

Athens, July 19.—A joint request has been received from Austria and England that Greece send one warship and a battalion of marines to China. The communication stated that similar requests had been sent to the small states of Europe, and probably the United States would similarly request the small American countries, with view of every of every nation taking part in the war against China.

The Greek cabinet is considering the request and has ordered the cruiser Admiral Mialius, which was to

have been sent on a cruise to New York with cadets, to hold itself in readiness to go to China.

Notice to the Notifiers.

Chicago, July 19.—Secretary Walsh, of the national democratic committee, at the request of Hon. James T. Richardson, gave the following official notice to the press: "The notification meeting to notify presidential and vice presidential candidates named by the Kansas City convention will be held at Indianapolis on August 8, 1900. All members of the two notification committees are requested to meet at the Grand hotel, Indianapolis, on the morning of that day."

SOLDIERS FOR CHINA.

Uncle Sam Will Send All the Available Troops at Once.

The President Has Plenty of Money at His Disposal, and an Extra Session of Congress Is Not at All Necessary.

Washington, July 17.—The decision of the administration at present is that the United States government is still not at war with the government of China. The big happenings at Tien-Tsin, coming on top of the stories of the last struggles at Peking, have not affected the attitude of the administration on this point; the United States and China are technically at peace. But this statement should not be accepted as indicating a purpose on the part of the United States to withhold its hand from the administration of swift and adequate punishment upon the Chinese without regard to station, who may be responsible for the outrages of the past few weeks. It means simply that the government of the United States feels that it can best achieve that purpose by regarding the status officially as one of peace. To hold otherwise would seriously cripple the government in its efforts to obtain satisfaction for the outrages the Americans in China have suffered. We should find the ports of China, now open to us, closed, and all sorts of impediments would be encountered which are now missing. Therefore, according to the administration view, a declaration of war would afford not even a technical gain, while it would actually be a heavy drawback.

Chairman Cannon, of the house appropriations committee, is authority for the statement that money in plenty is at the disposal of the president to meet the present emergency, and that there is no necessity for called session of congress on that score.

The day was the most exciting Washington has known since the battle of Santiago. At the very beginning came Adm. Remey's cablegram announcing the defeat of the allied forces at Tien-Tsin. A special cabinet meeting was held on receipt of this news, with such members present as are in town. Great reluctance was manifested on the part of the participants to answer questions as to the nature of the deliberations. The best indication of its nature was the departure for the white house of Secretary Hay immediately after the meeting. He sat down and had a long talk with President McKinley over the long-distance telephone, and it soon became known that the president had decided that it would be best for him to come back from Canton to the national capital.

The cabinet officers talked over the possibilities of reinforcing the troops in China. The estimates varied as to how many could be spared, but the general opinion was that somewhere between 4,000 and 8,000 men could be shipped to the east from Cuba and the United States in addition to the troops already under orders. A statement prepared by Adj't Gen. Corbin shows that there are now a grand total of 10,663 officers and men in China, en route to China, enroute to Nagasaki or under orders for Nagasaki. This table, of course, includes the ill-fated 9th infantry, which may not be in condition for further service. Gen. Wood's last reports indicate that, owing to the tranquillity prevailing in Cuba, it will be entirely safe to decrease the military force there quite largely.

Washington, July 17.—Gen. Miles had an extended conference with the secretary of war concerning the dispatch of reinforcements to China. No statement could be secured as to the result of this conference, but it is understood that Gen. Miles very strongly urged that the troops be immediately withdrawn from the Philippines, so that a large army could be drawn into China within a comparatively few days, instead of awaiting the slow processes of assembling an army in this country and Cuba and then getting it to China. The troops in the Philippines could make the trip across to China in about a week, while the dispatch of troops from this country will take considerably more than a month, and the men can hardly be on the field until September.

Notwithstanding Gen. Miles' recommendation, the apparent policy is to forward the troops to China from this country and Cuba as fast as they can be assembled. With the sending of 8,000 or 10,000 men, provision will doubtless be made for an officer of high rank to take command of this force. Gen. Miles has recommended that Maj. Gen. Bates, who commanded a brigade with credit in Cuba, be placed in command. He is now in the Philippines, and could readily reach the field of action. The disposition, however, is toward sending an officer from this country, and, as the conditions are so rapidly expanding, Gen. Miles is frequently referred to as likely to assume command of the American forces in the Orient.

TROOPS ORDERED TO CHINA.

Chicago, July 16.—The depot battalion of the 5th United States infantry, stationed at Ft. Sheridan, has received orders to go to China. Within two weeks the other two battalions of the regiment are expected from Cuba.

DEATH OF EARL W. BLODGETT.

New York, July 17.—The death of Earl Walter Blodgett, at Manila, is announced. He was for years a leading merchant of that city and was involved in many difficulties owing to Spanish hatred of Americans.

JAPANESE AND CHINESE FIGHT

Three Hundred of the Former Whip 500 of the Latter in a Street Row Near Vancouver, B. C.

Vancouver, B. C., July 15.—A desperate fight took place at the fishing town of Stevenson, on the Fraser river, between 800 Japanese and Chinese. There is a big fishermen's strike at Stevenson, involving 7,000 Japanese and whitemen and 3,000 Chinese, and the Japanese and Chinese were idle.

A street row between a Japanese and Chinaman occurred over a dispute as to whether or not a Japanese army of 10,000 men could whip a Chinese army of 100,000 in the present war in China. The Japanese cut off the Chinaman's queue to emphasize his argument, and in five minutes 300 Japanese engaged in a hand-to-hand fight with 500 Chinese. The small posse of police was powerless to interfere, and thousands of white fishermen watched the fun. In twenty minutes the Japanese had broken so many Chinese noses and cut off so many queues that the Chinamen fled.

UNDER THE AMERICAN FLAG.

Leading Chinese Merchants of San Francisco Will Offer Their Services to Uncle Sam.

San Francisco, July 18.—Ho Yow, the imperial consul general of the Chinese empire, is officially preparing to receive passports for himself and his attaches. In an interview, he said: "I understand that Minister Wu at Washington is ready to leave at any time. I have not as yet received definite orders from him."

Continuing, Ho Yow added: "The Chinese in this state to a man, are heart and soul against the Boxers and the awful crime they are committing against humanity. I have just attended a meeting of the leading Chinese merchants of San Francisco, at which it was decided that they would immediately close their business here, if necessary, and offer their services to the United States as volunteers to go to China and fight under the United States flag with the allied powers."

HONDURAS INUNDATED.

A Wide Section of the Country Is Being Devastated by a Flood.

New Orleans, July 18.—A wide section of Honduras is being devastated by a flood which started in the mountains about ten days ago. The first news of the alarming conditions reached this city through passengers on the steamer Breakwater. Practically the entire length of the Honduras railroad is inundated and all traffic has been abandoned. In places the water stands six feet over the roadbed.

Plantations have been injured, and the destruction of bananas by the storm will be very heavy. The Breakwater, which usually brings about 18,000 bunches of bananas, brought less than half a cargo, as there was no way to get the fruit to the port.

No estimate could be made of the damage when the Breakwater sailed because the flood was still too high to foot up the losses, but the devastation is said to be great, and the loss will fall heavily upon the banana plantation owners.

FUNERAL INTERRUPTED.

Coffin Containing Parks' Body Attacked by Undertaker Who Had Buried the Dead Man's Wife.

Mantau, N. J., July 18.—The funeral of Isaac Parks, who died last week from exposure, was interrupted by the appearance of Constable Dopson, who held an attachment on the coffin and household effects. When the officer arrived at the house the funeral was well under way, and as the corpse was about to be taken from the dwelling to the hearse the constable informed the son of the deceased of his errand. Undertaker Shreve, who was in charge, objected strongly to the proceedings, but the officer would not allow the coffin to be removed until the judgment he had was satisfied which was done by a friend of the family. Six years ago Undertaker Conaway, of Woodbury, buried Mr. Parks' wife. The bill was not paid.

GEN. W. P. HAZEN DEAD.

Tampa, Fla., July 18.—Gen. W. P. Hazen, uncle of Brig. Gen. Hazen, Mrs. George Dewey's first husband, died at Thonotosassa after an illness of several weeks. Gen. Hazen was born in Marion, O., and was 84 years old. He was a man of much wealth and had been a resident of Thonotosassa for 15 years.

GUILD DECLINES THE OFFICE.

Washington, July 17.—Curtis Guild, of Boston, who was tendered the appointment of first assistant postmaster-general to succeed Perry S. Heath, has declined to accept the office. The reason given for his action is the pressure of private business interests.

COULD NOT AGREE ON A SCALE.

Pittsburgh, Pa., July 18.—A second futile attempt was made to settle the glass chimney scale for the coming fire. The workers insisted on their demand for an advance of ten per cent. on the hand scale and the manufacturers refused to grant it.

STRIKE IS STILL ON.

New York, July 18.—The great strike of the cigar-makers in this city is still on and 9,000 workers, half of whom are girls, are idle. The American Federation of Labor is aiding the strikers.

PHILIPPINE CASUALTIES.

Gen. MacArthur Reports the Deaths of a Number of Soldiers in His Command.

Washington, July 19.—Gen. MacArthur has cabled the war department the following list of deaths from battle and diseases in the Philippines, since last report:

Dysentery—Sergt. Earl H. Perk, Jerry Deaton, Hugh B. Dunne, Jas. E. McEntosh, Musician Thos. G. Will, Morris Gordon, Jos. M. Judy, Albert M. Seetholtz, Farrier Geo. Farrow, Wm. Burke, Harry W. Thomas, Chas. Miller, Thos. Sellers, Jos. B. Moller and John F. Young.

Endocarditis—Willis L. McFarland.

Purpura Hemorrhage—Gustave D. Dohle.

Typhoid Fever—Jos. Smith, Frederick S. Suter, Frank B. Burbanks and Wm. Dowell.

Varicella—Louis Mitchell, Edward Rose, Albert Carter, Albert L. Brown and Vannie Knight.

Diarhoea—Julius Johannsen and Geo. E. Manson.

Drowned—Geo. W. Robinson and Corp. Calvin H. Eoff.

Tuberculosis—Sergt. Maj. George Biens.

Typhilitis—Josh Lane.

Injuries While Fighting—Elijah J. Webb.

Alcoholism—Edward Costello.

Phthisis—Alfred B. Congar.

Malaria Fever—Jas. McNeerney and Samuel G. Wilson.

Enterocolitis—Geo. W. Frey.

Cause Unreported—Jas. L. Williams, Wm. Fitzgerald, Irvin H. Mills and Corp. Ellis Guss.

Pericarditis—Jas. Patten.

WATER FOR TROOPS.

Sterilizing and Distilling Plant to Accompany the Soldiers to Be Sent to China.

Washington, July 19.—The quartermaster's department has made a requisition for something over \$14,000 for apparatus to supply the troops of the Chinese expedition pure drinking water. The department already has placed orders for sterilizers and distilling plants which will furnish 32,500 gallons of pure water a day. The sterilizing plants will make 23,000 gallons of potable water per day. These will be used inland, where foul water and suspicious well water is encountered.

The distilling plants will furnish 7,400 gallons a day, and can be used at need on the sea coast, where salt water will be rendered fit for drinking. This is the most expensive water purifying plant the United States ever has attempted to send with an army in the field. It is thought that, with the addition of boiling water on the portable cooking ranges, this will furnish an adequate supply for the whole army.

THE BLUE AND GRAY.

The Vanguard of the Veterans of the Civil War Gathered at Chattanooga, Tenn.

Atlanta, Ga., July 19.—The vanguard of the veterans who wore the blue and the gray in the battles around Atlanta during the civil war, arrived in the city Wednesday. The formal exercises of the blue and gray reunion will begin Thursday when the visitors will be shown over the battlefields upon which 36 years ago they engaged in conflict.

Many distinguished guests have arrived, and every section of the country will be represented by ex-union and ex-confederate soldiers.

Gen. A. P. Stewart, the oldest living general of the confederacy, and Gen. W. C. Johnson, past grand commander of the Grand Army of the Republic, arrived Wednesday. Commander-in-Chief Shaw, of the G. A. R., is expected Thursday. During the reunion the survivors of the 42d, 30th and 10th Georgia regiments of the confederate army will meet here.

WITHDRAWING TROOPS FROM CUBA.

Washington, July 19.—It was stated at the war department that the determination had been reached, in spite of Gen. Wood's expressed view on the subject of Cuban troops, to withdraw another regiment from the island for service in China, if need be. The regiment to be withdrawn has not yet been determined upon, but this will be decided in a short time. This will make four regiments withdrawn from Cuban service, and will reduce the force in the island to about 4,000 men.

TELEGRAMS RESTRICTED.

Berlin, July 19.—It is semi-officially announced that the Baron Von Buelow, imperial minister of foreign affairs, has notified the Chinese legation here that until further notice it can not be allowed to send telegrams in cipher or secret language, and that telegrams in plain language must be submitted for the approval of the secretary of state before they can be dispatched.

ONE MILE IN 1:59.

Salt Lake, Utah, July 19.—In a professional bicycle race at the Salt Palace Saucer track Ivor Lawson broke the world's mile handicap record of 1:59 3-5, made by W. F. Simms, at Washington, D. C. Lawson made the mile in 1:59 flat.

PRESIDENT HAS AUTHORITY.

Washington, July 18.—Judge Advocate General Lumley has rendered a decision to the effect that the president has the authority to appoint to more second lieutenants in the United States marine corps.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

CHARLES D. WEBB,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Special attention given to Collections,

Office on Broadway.

PARIS, KENTUCKY.

CHARLES B. DICKSON,

DENTIST,

Office over the Bourbon Bank.

PARIS, KENTUCKY.

PHILIP N. FOLEY,

DENTIST,

Office in Agricultural Bank building.

Can be found at office at night.

J. T. M' MILLAN,

DENTIST,

Office, No. 3, Broadway.

PARIS, KENTUCKY.

JOHN J. WILLIAMS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,

Office in Simms' Building,

PARIS, KENTUCKY.

W. M. KENNEY, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,

Office, in Agricultural Bank Building.

OFFICE HOURS: 7 to 10 a. m.

2 to 4 p. m.

7 to 8 p. m.

F. B. CARR, Agent.

RAILROAD TIME CARD.

L. & N. R. R.

ARRIVAL OF TRAINS:

From Cincinnati—10:58 a. m.; 5:38 p. m.; 10:10 p. m.

From Lexington—5:11 a. m.; 7:45 a. m.; 3:33 p. m.; 6:27 p. m.

From Richmond—5:05 a. m.; 7:40 a. m.; 3:28 p. m.

From Mayfield—7:42 a. m.; 8:25 p. m.

F. B. CARR, Agent.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS:

To Cincinnati—5:15 a. m.; 7:51 a. m.; 3:40 p. m.

To Lexington—7:47 a. m.; 11:05 a. m.; 5:45 p. m.; 10:14 p. m.

To Richmond—11:08 a. m.; 5:43 p. m.; 10:16 p. m.

To Mayfield—7:50 a. m.; 6:35 p. m.

F. B. CARR, Agent.

EAST BOUND.

No. 1. Pass. No. 2. Pass. No. 3. Pass. Mixed</p

THE BOURBON NEWS.

(Twentieth Year—Established 1881.)

PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY AND FRIDAY.

WALTER CHAMP, Editors and Owners.

SWIFT CHAMP,

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.For President,
HON. W. J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.For Vice President,
ADLAI STEVENSON,
of Illinois.For Congress,
W. B. MOODY,
of Henry County.**ANNOUNCEMENTS.****JAILER.**

We are authorized to announce Wm. C. DODSON as a candidate for Jailer of Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Geo. W. JUDY as a candidate for Jailer of Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce W. H. BOONE as a candidate for Jailer, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce Wm. B. NICKELS as a candidate for Jailer of Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

ASSESSOR.

We are authorized to announce W. B. PINCKARD as a candidate for Assessor of Bourbon County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce HARVEY HIBLER, of Paris, as a candidate for Assessor of Bourbon County, with HENRY L. CAYWOOD, of North Middletown, as deputy, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce CHAS. PEDDICKORD as a candidate for the office of Assessor, subject to the action of the Democratic party. If elected, my deputy will be W. G. McClintock.

Editorial Pleasantries.The editor of the Maysville *Bulletin* and the editor of the Maysville *Public Ledger* must have the shutters up between them. Just listen to the exchange of compliments:Uncle Sam doesn't want the earth—that is, he doesn't want all of it. If he had it, there wouldn't be any place to send foreign missionaries, and that industry would be ruined.—*Public Ledger*.The editor of the *Ledger* needn't worry his little self about the foreign missionaries. It's extremely doubtful whether he contributes a cent, or ever did, for their support.—*Bulletin*.

At Republican State Convention at Louisville Tuesday Hon. John W. Yerkes, of Danville, was nominated at 4:30 p. m. for Governor by acclamation after nominating speech by ex-Governor Bradley.

COL. W. C. P. BRECKINRIDGE, Confederate, and his brother, General Joseph C. Breckinridge, Federal, are among the invited guests who will speak at the reunion of the Blue and Gray now in session at Atlanta.

MILLERSBURG.

There will be union services Sunday night at Baptist Church.

Mr. Henry Bethards is very ill at his home on the Redmon pike.

Mr. R. B. Boulden has been on the sick list for the past week.

The Junior Dancing Club will give a hop to-night in Bryan's Building.

Horace Purdy delivered his lambs this week. They averaged 101 pounds.

Miss Lilly Boulden is with the Lexington outing party at Parks Hill.

Miss Salie McIntyre went to Battle Creek, Mich., to spend several weeks.

Dr. Garrett Judy and family are boarding with Mrs. America Butler.

Mr. Harvey Weir, of Fleming, was the guest of Judge Ed. Hull, Wednesday.

Born—Monday, to the wife of Assessor W. G. McClintock, a daughter—second child.

Miss Mary Thompson, of Chicago, is visiting her brother, John Thompson, near town.

G. W. Bryan is putting down a concrete pavement in front of new hotel and his residence.

McIntyre & McClintock shipped nine double-decks of lambs (2,100) head to New York this week.

The Millersburg Gun Club will shoot a match game with the Paris Club this afternoon at Paris.

Miss Helen Terry, of Paris, was the guest of Judge Stitt and family Wednesday and Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. N. B. Dickinson, guest of her father, Styles Stirman, returned to Hopkinsville, Thursday.

Wallace Crooks, colored, fed forty bushels of wheat in five minutes through Skilman brothers' thresher. He claims the record.

Mr. James Hutsell visited relatives here Monday. He received a dispatch to

return immediately to Kansas City to purchase government horses.

Mr. and Mrs. James Cray and two daughters and Miss Lida Jacobs, of Mt. Olivet, and Mrs. Sallie Cray, of Fleming, are guests of Mr. A. Cray, near town.

Mrs. Adela Miller, Mrs. Matt Piper and Misses Louise Alastair and Margaret Miller went to Mason, Wednesday, to visit the former's brother, Wm. McClelland and wife.

Miss Emma Hutchings, of Baltimore, Miss Jennie Baker, Memphis, Mo., Miss Jennie Kate Furnell, of Paris, Mrs. June Payne and son are guests of T. M. Furnell and family and other relatives here.

Miss Kate Rankin entertained Wednesday evening about fifty of her young friends in honor of her guests, Miss Hume, of Fulton, Mo., Miss McBride, of Flemingsburg. The house was beautifully decorated with cut flowers, the color scheme being pink and lavender.

BUCKSKIN BILL COMING.—The greatest scout in the world to be here Monday, July 23. Imitation is the sincerest flattery and that is the reason that Buckskin Bill pays no attention to other wild west exhibitions. He is now owner and proprietor of the original and largest wild west exhibition in the world. His congress of rough riders is not equalled anywhere in the world. He has in his company men from all nations. All the rough riders of history, and the greatest marksmen and fighters the country ever knew. The history of the entire west is told in this wonderful exhibition, which comes endorsed by the best people everywhere. There are over 1,000 men and horses in it, besides a troop of female rough riders. Buckskin Bill will give his exhibition here July 22.

Twenty-five girls employed in a tobacco factory at Covington went out on a strike because of an objectionable foreman, and over 100 men employed in the same factory walked out in sympathy.

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THE BOURBON NEWS.

[Twenty-th Year—Established 1881.]

(Entered at the Post-office at Paris, Ky., as second class mail matter.)

TELEPHONE NO. 124.

SUBSCRIPTION PRICES.

[Payable in Advance.]

One year.....\$2.00 Six months.....\$1.00

Make all Checks, Money Orders, Etc., payable to the order of CHAMP & BRO.

Fresh arrival of neckwear, Bat-wings, Windors, and Imperial string ties.

PRICE & CO.

The L. & N. pay car was in the city Tuesday.

RYE WANTED.—Will pay the highest market price. E. F. SPEARS & SONS.

GOOD MUSIC.—First Regiment Band, of Cincinnati, at the Cynthiana Fair each day. August 1, 2, 3 and 4.

I have a few good buggies yet on hand which I close out at cost. JAMES H. HAGGARD.

WE have a few tired buggy wheels for sale at six dollars per set. (15may15) E. J. MCKIMEY & SON.

L. S.—Black tucked shirt waist. Finder please return to Heyman's store and receive suitable reward.

REGULAR communication of Paris Lodge, No. 2, F. & A. M., to niggt at 7:30. A full attendance is requested.

In Judge Webb's court Wednesday, Mary Tiffey was fined five dollars for using profane language.

WE are prepared to paint buggies, carriages, etc., in first class style, at reasonable prices. E. J. MCKIMEY & SON.

OSSIAN EDWARDS, of Paris, shipped recently from Carisle and Millersburg, five cars of extra nice walnut logs for export.

MISS FRANCES Butler's preparatory School will re-open on Monday, September 3rd, at her school-house on Pleasant street. (tf)

PREMIUMS.—The Cynthiana Fair offers \$3,000 in premiums. Floral Hall. Wonderful special attractions. Admission, 25 cents. August 1, 2, 3 and 4. Have you a catalogue?

MCKEE DORY received a painful wound through the foot on Tuesday evening, while carelessly handling a 22-caliber rifle.

SHOES that please in style, fit and price, are what the purser wants. All these guaranteed at Davis, Thompson & Isgrig. (decstf)

THE NEWS has received a number of Lexington Elk's Fair catalogues for distribution. If you are interested in the fair or intend making an exhibit, call and get a catalogue.

New applicants for the Garth Fund will present themselves at the City School building Tuesday morning, July 24th, at half-past eight o'clock. Bring text book last used. 2t

PRISONERS in the Mayfield jail sawed off a lock of their cell with a piece of steel from an old corset, and knocked the turnkey down and one of them succeeded in escaping.

A spark from an L&N. train set fire to a pasture belonging to John Woodford near town and forty acres was burned. Timely assistance prevented the loss of his wheat and hay crops.

JAMES CROW, aged about twelve years, son of Peter Crow, of this city, was accidentally shot in the neck, Monday, near the second car bridge, by an unknown person. Wound not necessarily fatal.

JUDGE COLE, attorney for Wm. Setters, has filed suit against the city of Mayfield for \$30,000 damages for allowing street cars to run too close to the pavement. Mrs. Setters was run over and killed.

THE Kentucky Press Association will meet in Louisville, July 23 and 24, and will then start on the annual outing. Chicago, Minneapolis, Duluth and Minnetonka will be visited. The trip is a most delightful one.

ONE and one-third fare will be made for all points in Kentucky, via Queen and Crescent route for this occasion, July 31st and on the morning trains of August 1st. Good until August 21st returning. Ask agent for further particulars.

On Tuesday, near North Middletown, fire destroyed 1,000 bushels of wheat belonging to Wm. Scott. A spark of fire from a camp-fire ignited the grass and a 50 acre field was destroyed, setting fire to a straw rick and the pile of wheat nearby. The rail fence was also burned.

W. R. THOMAS, the hospitable landlord at Estill Springs, reports the hotel as doing a fine business this Summer, there being 125 guests there now and more arriving daily. Several parties of Paris people are arranging to go this week and next. There is no better place to spend several weeks of this hot weather than beautiful Estill.

A Great Outing.

Last Summer The Power Grocery Company, of this city, promised to their customers who bought certain amount of goods during a specified time, a trip to Niagara Falls.

This enterprising firm has made arrangements to run a special train from this city on Thursday afternoon, August 2nd, returning Monday, August 6th. At Cincinnati they will connect with a special composed of Pullman Palace Sleepers and Dining Car. All meals will be served in the dining car, and they will use the Sleepers at the Falls. The trip will be extended to Toronto, Canada, and other points of interest.

This will certainly be the greatest outing of the season. The crowd will be composed of leading merchants throughout Kentucky, their wives and a few outside friends. There are still a few vacancies and anyone wanting to join the party should apply to The Power Grocery Company at once.

Democratic State Convention.

The Democratic State Convention organized yesterday afternoon at Lexington, adjourned until 8 o'clock last night when the committees were to report and balloting begin. The Beckham forces won an overwhelming victory in the organization, and at the time of going to press Beckham's nomination seemed almost a certainty.

The district conventions met at 12 o'clock and there was harmony at most of them. There were only two changes in the State, Executive and Central Committees. In the Seventh South Tremble f'd J. W. Lushy as State Executive Committeeman and his friend W. A. Lee, appointed.

The Seventh District organization is as follows.

Executive Committeeman—W. A. Lee of Owen.

State Central Committeeman—T. T. Hedges of Scott.

Organization—Jas. O'Brien of Bourbon.

Credentials—G. Allison Holland, of Henry.

Resolutions J. A. Hammon, of Scott. Vice President—L. des Cognet, of Lexington.

REMEMBER.—Don't miss the old-fashioned fair at Cynthiana, Ky., August 1, 2, 3 and 4.

Alvin and Harry Patterson, brothers, had a fight in Lexington Sunday afternoon with a cudgel and knife. Harry was cut in several places, his scalp being "d. o. n." so that it took six stitches to hold the skin in place. Alvin was buried about the head.

Mrs. Arch Hughes, of Tenth St., died Wednesday of consumption, she was about 28 years of age.

Heat Victims.

The thermometer rose to 105 in New York Wednesday. More than seventy deaths are reported. At Philadelphia there were six deaths; at Camden, N. Y., two, and two at Pittsburg.

MATTERS MATRIMONIAL.

The Wedding Bells, Announcements, Cupid's Mischief

Charles T. Hedges, eighteen, and Miss Otilia Rose, fifteen, were married last week in Cincinnati.

Will Wood, who gained notoriety by being connected with the Pearl Bryan mystery, eloped with Miss Blanche Daily, of Lebanon, Ind., last week. She is an heiress.

A MINISTER'S MARRIAGE.

The marriage of Rev. A. J. Ramsey and Miss Bertha Robinson was solemnized at the Baptist church at Dayton, Ky., Tuesday evening in the presence of a host of friends.

Previous to the entrance of the bridal party Mrs. M. T. Collard rendered the beautiful solo, "O Promise Me," very effectively. At 8 o'clock promptly to the strains of "Mendelssohn's Wedding March," Miss Lillian Tyler presiding at the organ, the bridal group waded its way to the altar, where they were met by Rev. W. D. Pickard and Rev. C. A. Moes, who performed the marriage ceremony in a very impressive manner.

The Misses Rosalyn Gaskins and Mary Louise Crenshaw served as maids of honor, and little Miss Bertha Robinson as flower girl. The bride was attired in a robe of white batiste made demi-train her only ornament being a pearl brooch, the gift of the groom. She carried a loose bunch of bride roses. The maids of honor and flower girl were also attired in pure white. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Ramsey left for Mackinac Island. Upon their return they will be "at home" to their friends after September 1 at the parsonage adjoining Dayton Baptist church.

The bridal gifts were elegant and included many mementos from the teachers and graduates of the high school. Among the guests from abroad were Rev. D. W. Parks of Liberty, Ind., J. E. Robinson and family of Wyoming, Raymond Appia and family of Wyoming, Mrs. Ingles, Mrs. Thomas of Amelia, Raymond Appia and Francis Gaskeus, Miss Mary McVean of Alexandria, Miss Eva Robinson of Xenia, Miss Emma Johnston, Mt. Washington, L. P. Bentley and wife Ladlow. The church was beautifully decorated with palms, ferns and other floral beauties.

THE MOVING THRONG.

Notes About Our Guests, Arrivals and Departures—Society's Doings.

Mr. Noah Spears is visiting in Lexington.

Dr. J. R. Adair left yesterday for Olympia.

Miss Margaret Terry is visiting in Millersburg.

Miss Sue Buckner is sojourning at Estill Springs.

Mrs. Irene, of Louisville, is a guest at Mr. R. J. Neely's.

Miss Mary McCarthy has returned from a trip to Alabama.

Mr. Kit Clay, of Oklahoma, arrived home to-day for a visit.

Miss Lucy Lowry is visiting Miss Addie Garner in Winchester.

Miss Nannie Wilson is spending the summer at Warm Springs, Va.

Miss Callie Thomas is visiting Miss Hattie Maddox, in Shelbyville.

Dr. Ben Davis and family, of Lexington, are here visiting relatives.

Miss Mary Brent left Wednesday for Olympia to join a party of campers.

Mrs. R. H. Ferguson, is visiting her parents Col. and Mrs. H. S. Anderson.

Division Passenger Agent Smith, of Louisville, was in the city Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Lee Frank are spending a fortnight with friends at Lyndon.

Mrs. J. O. A. Vaught, of Maysville, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. C. D. Ray, near town.

There are at present over one hundred and fifty guests registered at Estill Springs.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Calvert, of Ohio, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Fisher.

Hon. Sam Kash, of Manchester, was the guest of S. H. Stivers Wednesday evening.

Mr. Ol'ie Fox is a guest at "Anverne," the home of Mr. and Mrs. Cessius M. Clay.

Miss Laura Ettell, of Lexington, is a guest of Miss Nannie Clay, at "The Heights."

Mr. Willis Wilson and family, of Philadelphia, are guests at Mrs. Camilla Wilson's.

Mrs. Daily, of Jackson, Kentucky, formerly Miss Birdie Sanders, is visiting relatives in Paris.

Mrs. King and daughter, of Shelbyville, have returned home after a pleasant visit to Mrs. Tom Fisher.

Mrs. T. J. Pritchard, of Huntingdon, W. Va., is the guest of her mother Mrs. L. J. Fretwell.

Mrs. Frank Woodall, nee Brent, of Covington, is a guest at Mrs. Nicholie Brent's on Pleasant street.

Mrs. W. R. Blakemore, of Chicago, will arrive Monday for a visit at R. J. Neely's, on Duncan avenue.

Mrs. S. M. Worthington, of Versailles, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. Edmund Talbot, of High Street.

Prof. A. M. Gutzeit and family are spending several days with Dr. G. E. Muir and wife at Muir's station.

Rev. Luther Mann, of Moorehead is visiting his brothers, Rev. E. G. B. and Fletcher Mann.

The Christian Missionary Convention of Kentucky will meet at Carlisle, August 20-23.

The Southern Building and Loan Association, of Kentucky, will shortly pay another 10 per cent. dividend, making a total of 40 per cent. paid. A number of persons in Bourbon have stock in this company.

Mrs. Sallie S. Barnes, of Louisville, arrived Wednesday evening to be with her father, Mr. James Short, who is very ill.

Miss Phoebe Buckner returned home to Winchester yesterday and will return Sunday to be the guest of Miss Milda McMillan.

Mr. John Peck, of Cincinnati, passed through Paris yesterday en route to Winchester, in the interest of the Peck Williamson Co.

Miss Wordall, of Covington, who has been the pleasant guest for several days of Mrs. Charlton Alexander, left yesterday for a visit to Versailles.

Miss Mary Fields, of Louisville, daughter of Judge Fields, is the charming guest of Miss Matilda Alexander. They were schoolmates at Miss Ely's.

Miss Nellie Eithian, of Paris, accompanied by her little nieces, Misses Nellie and Elizabeth Crutcher, visited Mrs. G. E. Smith from Friday until Monday—Carlsbad Mercury.

Pretty little Julia Frank, daughter of Dr. Louis Frank, of Louisville, returned to her home Wednesday, after several weeks' visit to Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Frank.

'Miss Katie Lucas and Miss Mary Talbot spent Wednesday evening in Lexington, en route to Natural Bridge to join the L. A. C.'s, who are in camp at that place.

Miss Bessie Edward entertained last evening at the home of her parents on South Main street, in honor of her guests, Misses Mabel Letton, Bessie Bedford and Leona Letton.

Balloon Ascension Each Day. The Marvelous Midway. Thousands of Other Attractions. SEND FOR CATALOGUE.

W. H. GARNER, Sec'y.

Winchester, Ky.

W. W. Foreman was in Maysville Wednesday.

Mrs. W. T. Brooks left yesterday for Mt. Vernon, to visit her parents.

Misses Jennie Kate Purnell and Jennie Baker are visiting friends in Millersburg.

Mrs. E. F. Clay, wife of Col. Clay, is critically ill at his home near this city.

Mrs. W. G. Swearengen leaves Sunday for a visit to relatives in Ohio and West Va.

Miss Jennie Hanson, who has been visiting in Paris, left yesterday for New York.

Miss Mattie Anderson, of Lexington, is the guest of W. L. Bramblett and family.

Mr. Julian Estill was the guest of Mrs. Nannie Clay, Tuesday, and attended the german.

Mrs. Wm. Remington, of Paris, has been on a visit to his aunt, Mrs. G. R. Keller, of Carlisle.

Sam Kennedy and Miss Nannie Coulter, of Paris, visited Clark Fitt's family Sunday at Carlisle.

Ed. F. Hatchcraft returned yesterday from an extended business trip to Florida and throughout the South.

Mrs. Mary Talbot and daughters, Misses Mary and Anna Lee, will leave in a few days for Lake Chautauqua, New York.

Letters were received this week from Mooney Moore, of the Philippines, stating that he has been in the hospital for four weeks, but was very much improved.

Mr. John Clark, who went to Hot Springs on a pleasure trip several weeks ago, was suddenly attacked with appendicitis. He is very much improved and was able to be brought home yesterday.

At Mt. Sterling court about 200 cattle on the market. Trade very dull. Best 800-pound steer sold at 4 3-4c, but most of the steers averaged 4 to 4 1-2c. There was fully 2,500 sheep on the market, and trade was some better than in cattle. Best ewes brought \$4.25 per head. Most of sales at \$5.00 to \$4.00 per head.

The large Silo feed tank on the farm of Capt. J. R. Rogers, on Cane Ridge, went down from the wind storm.

Drake Thompson had several stacks of hay blown down.

Many wire fences torn away, and a number of large trees in the country.

Shade trees in the city went down.

Lightning caused many telephone boxes to burn out.

A woman is in jail in Omaha for kissing a man on the street without his permission. There must be another woman in this case.

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Mrs. Frank M. Potter, of Lancaster, Pa., arrived Monday on a visit to her sister, Mrs. D. C. Parrish.

Mr. W. H. Peters, of Mt. Sterling, spent several days in this city and attended the german Tuesday night.

Miss Lucy Downey and her aunt Mrs. Lillian Parks, of Covington, left yesterday for a visit to Richmond.

Miss Olive Faut, of Flemingsburg, and Miss Gilden, of Newburg, S. C., are visiting Mrs. George Stuart.

Mrs. Sallie S. Barnes, of Louisville, arrived Wednesday evening to be with her father, Mr. James Short, who is very ill.

THE STURGIS WAGER A DETECTIVE STORY.

By EDGAR MORETTE.
Copyright, 1899, by Frederick A. Stokes Co.

CHAPTER V.—CONTINUED.

"Point five," resumed Sturgis, "the right arm was broken just above the wrist."

"Yes," said the physician, "I thought at first that the arm might have been broken in the collision with the cable car; but the discoloration of the flesh proves conclusively that the fracture occurred before death."

"Precisely. Now, it is possible that the man broke his arm when he fell, after being shot; but the contused wound looks to me as if it had been made by a severe blow with some blunt instrument."

"Possibly," admitted Thurston.

"This broken arm, if we can place it in its proper chronological position, may prove to be of some importance in the chain of evidence," mused Sturgis. "If the fracture occurred before the man was shot, that, of course, excludes the possibility of suicide; but, on the other hand, it also brings in an obstacle to the hypothesis of murder."

"How so?"

"Because we have settled, you will remember, that the shot was fired from the right of the victim, and close to him. Now, if he did not fire the shot himself the person who did must have reached over his right arm to do so. In that case, unless the victim was asleep or stupefied, would he not instinctively have raised his arm in self-defense, and thus deflected the weapon upward?"

"Evidently."

"Well, it is idle to speculate on this line for the present. Let us come to point six. You remember I called your particular attention to the cabman. Do you still think he was only drunk?"

"No," replied Thurston; "while he had unquestionably been drinking heavily, he also showed symptoms of narcotic poisoning."

"Then the presumption is that he had been drugged by those who wished to place the wounded man in his cab. I observed him closely and I am satisfied that he knows as little about his dead passenger as we do. He probably knows less about him, at all events, than the young man in the sealskin cap who gave the police the slip during the excitement which followed the overturning of the cab."

Sturgis paused a moment.

"This, I think," he continued, "covers all the evidence we have thus far collected in the Cab Mystery. It is quite satisfactory, as far as it goes, for it is circumstantial evidence, and, therefore, absolutely truthful. In the Knickerbocker bank mystery we have as yet no satisfactory data whatever; for everything we have heard concerning it has its origin in the fallible evidence of witnesses, and has, moreover, reached us third or fourth hand. There is, however, one fact that may, or may not, prove to be important. Have you noticed that these two mysteries are contemporaneous, and, therefore, that they may be related?"

"Do you think there is any connection between the two?" inquired Thurston, interested.

"I do not allow myself to think about it at all as yet," replied Sturgis; "I simply note the fact, that, so far as time is concerned, the Cab Mystery could be the sequel to the Knickerbocker Bank Mystery—that is all. Facts, my dear boy, are like words. A word is only an assemblage of meaningless letters until it becomes pregnant with sense by context. So, a fact, which, standing by itself, has no meaning, may, when correlated with other facts, become fraught with deep significance."

"And now," he continued, after a pause, "I think our work is concluded for the present. I shan't be able to lay it aside for the night. Let me offer you a glass of sherry. Pleasant evening we spent at Sprague's to-night. I have a great admiration for him as an artist, and a great fondness for him as a man. Most of his friends are strangers to me, though. You know I have very little time to indulge in social dissipation. By the way, who is that Dr. Murdock with whom I have made this bet?"

"Oh! he is a physician, though now retired from practice. He devotes himself entirely to scientific research, especially in the domain of chemistry. He has made some important discoveries in organic chemistry, and say he has succeeded in proving some of the supposed elementary metals to be compounds. He has quite an enviable reputation in the scientific world. I understand he is a remarkable man."

"That is evident at a glance. He showed himself this evening to be a clear thinker and a brilliant speaker. I should say he was something of a genius, and I should judge, moreover, that he was a man of magnificent nerve, capable of the most heroic actions, or—"

Sturgis hesitated.

"Or—?" asked Thurston.

"Or of the most infamous cruelty and crime. It all depends upon whether or not his great mental attributes are under the control of a heart; a point upon which I am somewhat in doubt."

CHAPTER VI.

THE ARTIST.

Sprague was a dilettante in art as he was in life. If he had not been rich, he might perhaps have become a great artist. But, lacking the spur of poverty, he seemed incapable of sustained effort. Occasionally he was seized with a frenzy for labor; and, for weeks at a time he would shut himself up in his studio, until he had creditably accomplished some bit of work. But the fever was soon spent,

and a reaction invariably followed, during which palette and brush were taken up only in desultory fashion. Thus it was that at the age of eight and twenty, Sprague had painted a few pictures which had attracted favorable attention at the annual exhibitions of the Academy of Design, and which the critics had spoken of as "promising;" and thus it was that the promise was as yet unfulfilled, and that Sprague, though a man of undoubted talent, was not likely ever to rank as a genius in his profession. Sturgis, with his keen insight into human nature, fully realized the potential capacities of the artist, and at times he could not control his impatience at his friend's inert drifting through life. But, with all their differences, these two men held each other in the highest esteem, each admiring in the other those very qualities which were lacking in himself.

The artist lived in a fashionable quarter of the city, in a bachelor apartment which included a large and commodious studio fitted up according to the latest canons of artistic taste.

On this particular New Year's morning, after waking and observing, by the filtering of a few bright sunbeams through the closely drawn blinds, that it was broad daylight, he stretched himself with a voluptuous yawn and prepared to relapse into the sensuous enjoyment of that semi-somnolent state which succeeds a night of calm and refreshing sleep.

Just as he was settling himself comfortably, however, he was startled by a knock at the bedroom door. Most men, under the circumstances, would have betrayed some vexation at being thus unceremoniously disturbed. But there was no suspicion of annoyance in Sprague's cheery voice, as he exclaimed:

"You cannot come in yet. Mrs. O'Meagher, I am asleep, and I shall be asleep for another hour at the least. Surely you cannot have forgotten that to-day is a holiday. Happy New Year! You have time to go to several masses before—"

"Get up, old lazybones; and don't keep a man waiting at your door in this inhospitable way, when he is in a hurry," interrupted voice whose timbre was not that of the housekeeper, Mrs. O'Meagher.

"Oh! is that you, Sturgis?" laughed the artist. "Aren't you ashamed of yourself to come routing honest men out of bed at this unseemly hour? Wait a minute, till I put on my court costume, that I may receive you with the honors and ceremonies due to your rank and station."

A couple of minutes later the artist, picturesquely attired in a loose oriental dressing gown and fez, opened the door to his friend, Ralph Sturgis.

"Come in, old man," he said, cordially extending his hand to the reporter, "you are welcome at any hour of the day or night. What is it now? This is not your digestion call, I presume."

"No," replied Sturgis, "I merely dropped in to say that I should be unable to take our projected bicycle trip this afternoon. I shall probably be busy with the Knickerbocker bank case all day. By the way, if you would like to come to the bank with me, I shall be glad of your company. I am on my way there now."

"I should like nothing better," said Sprague, "but I have made an appointment for this morning with a—er—with a sister."

"What, on New Year's day, you heathen!"

Sturgis observed the artist closely, and then added, quizzically:

"Accept my congratulations, old man."

"Your congratulations?" inquired Sprague, coloring slightly.

"Yes; my congratulations and my condolence. My congratulations on the fact that she is young and beautiful, and possessed of those qualities of mind and heart which—and so on and so forth. My condolence because I fear you are hit at last."

"What do you mean?" stammered the artist, sheepishly; "do you know her? What do you know about her?"

"Nothing whatever," replied Sturgis, laughing, "except what you are telling me by your hesitations, your reticence and your confusion."

The artist spoke after a moment of thoughtful silence.

"Your inducements in this case are premature, to say the least. My sister is a young lady, so much is undeniably true. And there is no doubt in my mind as to her possession of all the qualities you jocularly attribute to her; but my interest in her is only that of an artist in a beautiful and charming woman."

"At any rate," he added, after a moment's hesitation, "I hope so; for I have heard that she is as good as betrothed to another man."

The reporter's keen ear detected in his friend's tones a touch of genuine sadness of which the artist himself was probably unconscious. Laying his hand gently upon Sprague's shoulder, he said, gravely:

"I hope so, too, old man; for you are one of those foolish men whose lives can be ruined by an unhappy love affair. I suppose it's useless to preach to you—more's the pity—but, in my humble opinion, no woman's love is worth the sacrifice of a good man's life."

"Yes, I know your opinion on that subject, you old cynic," replied Sprague, "but you need not worry on my account; not yet, at all events. I am still safe; the portrait is almost finished; and I should be a fool to walk into such a scrape with my eyes wide open."

"Humph!" ejaculated Sturgis, skeptically, "when a man makes a fool of himself for a woman, it matters little whether his eyes be open or shut; the result is the same."

Sprague laughed somewhat uneasily, and then, as if to change the subject:

"Come and see the picture," he said. "I should like your opinion of it."

The reporter consulted his watch.

"I shall have to come back some other time for that," he replied; "I must hurry off now to keep my appointment with Mr. Dunlap."

He started toward the door; but suddenly facing Sprague again, he held out his hand to the artist, who pressed it cordially.

"Good-bye, old man," he said, affectionately, "be as sensible as you can, and don't wantonly play with the fire."

And before Sprague could frame an answer, the reporter was gone.

The artist remained thoughtfully standing until his friend's footsteps had died away in the distance. Then he turned and walked slowly into the studio. Here, in the middle of the room, stood an easel, upon which was the portrait of a beautiful young girl.

Sprague gazed at it long and earnestly. Then he heaved an almost inaudible sigh.

"Sturgis is right," he said to himself, turning away at last, "and—I am a confounded idiot!"

CHAPTER VII. AGNES MURDOCK.

In a quarter of the city which is rapidly surrendering to the relentless encroachments of trade, there still stand a few old-fashioned houses, the sole survivors of what was once an aristocratic settlement.

One by one their fellows have been sapped and swept away by the resistless tide of commerce, until these ancient dwellings, stubbornly contesting a position already lost, now rear their sepulchral brownstone fronts in stiff and solitary grandeur—huge sarcophagi in a busy mart.

One of these houses stands well back from the street line, the traditional backyard of the ordinary New York dwelling having been sacrificed, in this instance, to make room for a tiny garden, which is separated from the street by a tall spiked iron railing, behind which grows an arbor vitae hedge. The former serves as a defense against the marauding of the irrepressible metropolitan gamin; while the latter confers upon

"You cannot come in yet. Mrs. O'Meagher, I am asleep, and I shall be asleep for another hour at the least. Surely you cannot have forgotten that to-day is a holiday. Happy New Year! You have time to go to several masses before—"

"Get up, old lazybones; and don't keep a man waiting at your door in this inhospitable way, when he is in a hurry," interrupted voice whose timbre was not that of the housekeeper, Mrs. O'Meagher.

"Oh! is that you, Sturgis?" laughed the artist. "Aren't you ashamed of yourself to come routing honest men out of bed at this unseemly hour? Wait a minute, till I put on my court costume, that I may receive you with the honors and ceremonies due to your rank and station."

A couple of minutes later the artist, picturesquely attired in a loose oriental dressing gown and fez, opened the door to his friend, Ralph Sturgis.

"Come in, old man," he said, cordially extending his hand to the reporter, "you are welcome at any hour of the day or night. What is it now? This is not your digestion call, I presume."

"No," replied Sturgis, "I merely dropped in to say that I should be unable to take our projected bicycle trip this afternoon. I shall probably be busy with the Knickerbocker bank case all day. By the way, if you would like to come to the bank with me, I shall be glad of your company. I am on my way there now."

"I should like nothing better," said Sprague, "but I have made an appointment for this morning with a—er—with a sister."

"What, on New Year's day, you heathen!"

Sturgis observed the artist closely, and then added, quizzically:

"Accept my congratulations, old man."

"Your congratulations?" inquired Sprague, coloring slightly.

"Yes; my congratulations and my condolence. My congratulations on the fact that she is young and beautiful, and possessed of those qualities of mind and heart which—and so on and so forth. My condolence because I fear you are hit at last."

"What do you mean?" stammered the artist, sheepishly; "do you know her? What do you know about her?"

"Nothing whatever," replied Sturgis, laughing, "except what you are telling me by your hesitations, your reticence and your confusion."

The artist spoke after a moment of thoughtful silence.

"Your inducements in this case are premature, to say the least. My sister is a young lady, so much is undeniably true. And there is no doubt in my mind as to her possession of all the qualities you jocularly attribute to her; but my interest in her is only that of an artist in a beautiful and charming woman."

"At any rate," he added, after a moment's hesitation, "I hope so; for I have heard that she is as good as betrothed to another man."

The reporter's keen ear detected in his friend's tones a touch of genuine sadness of which the artist himself was probably unconscious. Laying his hand gently upon Sprague's shoulder, he said, gravely:

"I hope so, too, old man; for you are one of those foolish men whose lives can be ruined by an unhappy love affair. I suppose it's useless to preach to you—more's the pity—but, in my humble opinion, no woman's love is worth the sacrifice of a good man's life."

"Yes, I know your opinion on that subject, you old cynic," replied Sprague, "but you need not worry on my account; not yet, at all events. I am still safe; the portrait is almost finished; and I should be a fool to walk into such a scrape with my eyes wide open."

"Humph!" ejaculated Sturgis, skeptically, "when a man makes a fool of himself for a woman, it matters little whether his eyes be open or shut; the result is the same."

Sprague laughed somewhat uneasily, and then, as if to change the subject:

"Come in!" said Murdock, removing the cigar from his lips.

The door opened, admitting a tall and beautiful young girl, evidently not long out of her teens.

"Did I disturb you, father?" she asked, stepping lightly into the room.

"No, Agnes," replied Murdock, courteously; "as you see, I am indulging in a period of dole far niente."

The young girl laughed a clear, silvery laugh, as her eyes fell upon the pile of newspapers.

"If the reading of a dozen news-papers is dole far niente, I should think you would welcome hard work as a pleasant change."

"Oh!" replied her father, "the work I have done on those has not amounted to much. I have only been gleaned the news from the morning papers."

"Yes," he added, answering her surprised look. "It takes a deal of skin milk to yield a little cream."

The last paper which Murdock had been examining lay upon the desk before him. From the closely printed columns stood out in bold relief the glaring headlines:

MURDER IN A CAB.

MYSTERIOUS ASSASSINATION OF AN UNKNOWN MAN, IN BROAD DAYLIGHT.

CABMAN REILLY DENIES ALL KNOWLEDGE OF THE CRIME.

Miss Murdock's glance rested carelessly upon these words for an instant. They aroused in her nothing more than the mild curiosity which attaches to events of palpitating human interest, when they have been congealed in the columns of the daily newspapers and served to palates already sated with sensational veracity.

"Mary said you wished to speak to me," said the young girl, after a short pause. "I thought I would step in to see you before going to Mr. Sprague's."

"To Sprague's?" inquired Murdock, fixing his keen eyes upon the young girl. "Ah, yes; I remember he spoke of the appointment last night. How is the portrait coming on?"

"It is almost finished. Probably only one or two more sittings, at the most, will be necessary."

Agnes seemed slightly embarrassed by the fixity of her father's searching glance. She settled herself in an armchair and assumed a look of deferent expectancy.

[To Be Continued.]

AN INVOLUNTARY THIEF.

Drove Off with Another Man's Horse and Wagon and Got Into Trouble.



HANDLING CORN SHOCKS.

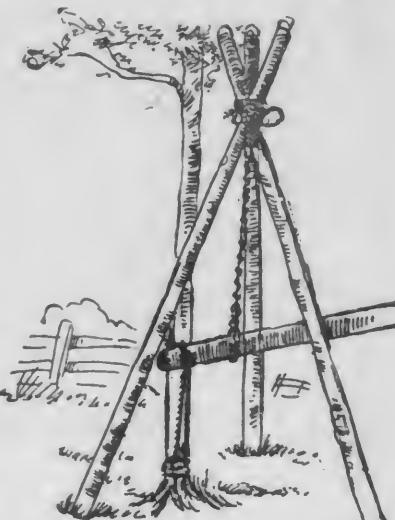
Although It Is a Task of Far-Reaching Importance, But Few Persons Do It Well.

The report of the Kansas state board of agriculture says where hand labor is plenty, the standard price for cutting corn by hand is five cents per shock, 14 by 14 hills square, without board, or 80 cents per acre, as there are 16 shocks of this size per acre. Corn should always be cut on bright, clear days or on such a day as is good to cure hay in. Two men should work together, and the shocks should be started on a jack, which is made by putting two legs, well braced together, near one end of a ten-foot scantling, and having an auger hole near the upper end for a room handle. As soon as four armfuls are set up against the jack the shock should be loosely tied with a stalk and the jack removed. As soon as the shocks have thoroughly cured, say two weeks after cutting, those that are to be stored in the barn should be baled under 6,000 pounds pressure, and tied up with a wire (common hay-baling wire, one wire will tie up two shocks), and those that are to be fed from the field can be pulled up tight with rope and pulley and tied with binding twine; the twine should be saturated with coal oil to prevent mice and insects from destroying it. Eminent professors have agreed that it only takes one and one-half inches of rainfall to wash all traces of digestible matter out of a shock of alfalfa, and corn shocks are also affected, but not to so great a degree. They have also agreed that well-cured corn fodder, put under a good roof without having had any rain on it, is in every respect just the same as ensilage, except the water content, and it is only necessary to cut it and add the water to secure food identical to ensilage without the cost of a silo, with its short life, and also without the 20 to 25 per cent. waste that mold causes in the corners of the silo.—Prairie Farmer.

TRANSPLANTING TREES.

Earth Should Be Left Clinging to the Roots and the Trunk Should Be Lifted Bodily.

The more earth that can be left to be transplanted, the more certain is the tree to live. It is wise, then, to dig about the tree so as to leave a bunch of earth about the small roots, following out and gently freeing the long roots as they are met in cutting a circle about the trunk. Then the tree must be lifted bodily, if possible. There are several ways to apply power for this purpose, one of the best being shown in the cut. A tripod is rigged with three stout poles and lever is attached in the manner shown. As the tree is lifted a new "hold" can be secured by taking up the chain on the tripod. Where the tree is gripped by the chain or rope at the end of the



HOW TO TRANSPLANT TREES.

bark should be well wrapped in old cloth to prevent injury. If the ground is dry at the time of transplanting it will be necessary to thoroughly wet the ground all about the trunk, since the earth will cling together and to the roots much better in this way. If dry, the earth falls apart readily. Elms and maples are not difficult to transplant, but oaks must be moved with greatest care and with as little disturbance of the roots as is possible, if the trees are to live.—N. Y. Tribune.

THE BEET ARMY WORM.

A New Pest That Has Recently Made Its Appearance in Large Numbers in Colorado.

Various contrivances have been rigged up whereby the bull, sheep, goat, or even dog may do the churning. The illustration shows a novel method of having the horse do this work. Set a post (a) in ground to be 2 feet high. Make hole in top and put in a pin as

DASHER CHURN POWER.

at b. Get a piece of timber 2 by 4 by 12 feet, as c, make a hole in one end and put over pin b. At other end put on a mower wheel as at d. Build an oblong box (e), get a mowing machine axle and put through the back end of box and attach mower wheels, as g f. The churn (h) sets in the box and the dasher is worked by a chain belt from a large sprocket wheel on the axle at rear end of machine. A barrel churn can also be used and so hung in the center as to be turned; with such, the dasher arrangement is not needed. The lead pole (j), keeps the horse or other motive power going round in a circle.—Ray Copeland, in Farm and Home.

GRANDFATHER'S JOB.

Last spring, when William started up his plow,

I said: "Give me them lines—I'll show ye how!"

"No, father—you're too old!" He meant it kind,

But then words softer rankled in my mind.

In droppin' corn I couldn't find the row; I lost my glasses when I tried to hoe, An' thought a hill of corn was jest a weed.

Then Susan said: "I guess there ain't no need;

For no more signs to show your work is done;

Why don't ye set down quiet in the sun An' rest?" Jest think of it—set there an' rest!

A man like me who's always worked his best;

An' sin' when William worried on the hay I said I'd ride this hoss rake anyway. Maybe I'm sorter old to hoe or plow, But hitch old Dick—we'll show them young folks how.

Why, him an' me was almost boys together.

An' now the both of us pull on the tether. Boys, help me on this rake—Git up there, Dick!

He knows who's drivin' him—Jest see him prick.

Them ears—Now, William, we'll bunch up this hay.

An' do a first-class job—what's that you say?

Don't work too hard! Be I a little boy? May be you think this hoss rake is a toy, Just take my stick and lean it on the fence.

Now, Dick—we can't see good, but show your sense.

Rural New Yorker.

The sucking calves and pigs and colts suffer with the heat and need water as well as the baby in the house.

BORES ON FRUIT TREES.

There have been published many methods whereby it was claimed borers on fruit trees may be destroyed, but orchardists agree that the work is altogether too laborious to pay. A number of preventives are also advocated, but if those consisting of washes, usually in the form of cement made of skim milk and hydraulic cement, are not carefully removed after the season of danger is over the growth of the tree is retarded. Undoubtedly the better way to prevent borers is to keep the soil in orchards well cultivated and the trunk of the tree clean of fungi and all other foreign growth, even of loose bark.—Farmers' Voice.

The Trust Problem.

To a thoughtful mind, the trust problem is one of serious import. It must be firmly grappled with, for it creeps upon society before you are aware of its existence, in this respect much resembling the various disorders which attack the stomach, such as constipation, indigestion, dyspepsia, biliousness, liver and kidney troubles. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the one reliable remedy for all such ailments. Be sure to give it a trial.

McSwatters and McSwitters had sworn off smoking for three months. One day, about four weeks after the bargain had been made, the two met. Each was dying for a good cigar. "Say, John," said McSwitters, "keep your end of the bargain." "You bet!" sighed McSwitters. "I can't afford to lose ten dollars." "Neither can I. But look here, I must have a smoke. Tell you what I'll do—I'll give you two dollars and you'll call the deal off." "Done!" said McSwitters. He took the two and placed them in his vest pocket. "I'll buy," he said. Half an hour later he was on his way home, chuckling softly. McSwitters was the twelfth man who had bought him off on the cigar deal.—Syracuse Herald.

If You Have

Pimples, Tetter, Eczema or any disease of the skin or Mucous Membranes that can be reached by an outward application, it can be cured by using Palmer's Lotion, the great beautifier and Skin Curer which should be kept in every household ready for any emergency. Lotion Soap will greatly assist in curing all such afflictions. If your druggist does not keep it, send his name to Solon Palmer, 374 Pearl Street, New York, and receive free pamphlet of testimonials with sample of Lotion or Soap.

A Heavy Case.

Mack O'Rell—Hard times have brought about a change with Blighter. I remember when he always had a case of champagne in the cellar; now he has only a case of beer.

Luke Warne—Well, you know, "circumstances alter cases."—Chicago Evening News.

Best for the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. Cascarets help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C. C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

What Hurts.

"The other side," observed the candidate, in much apprehension, "are putting some damaging reports in circulation."

But no money to speak of," rejoined the chairman of the campaign committee, complacently.—Detroit Journal.

Marquette, on Lake Superior, is one of the most charming summer resorts reached via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railway.

Its healthful location, beautiful scenery, good hotels and complete immunity from hay fever, make a summer outing at Marquette, Mich., very attractive from the standpoint of health, rest and comfort.

For a copy of "The Lake Superior Country," containing a description of Marquette and the copper country, address, with four (4) cents in stamps to pay postage, Geo. H. Headford, General Passenger Agent, Chicago, Ill.

Archaeology.

"These pictures," the archaeologist of the distant future is explaining, "represents the cake wall of the ancients. The cake walk consisted of a number of movements evidently designed to assist the digestion of cake. Hence the name."—Detroit Journal.

M. M. Moore, Clerk City Council, Columbus, Ga., writes: I have known Teetha (Teething Powders) to remove worms when all other remedies had failed.

One of the baffling mysteries of nature is the pie that melts in the mouth but feels solidier than a brick in the stomach.—Detroit Journal.

Each package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYES colors either Silk, Wool or Cotton perfectly. Sold by all druggists.

When you meet an obstacle use it for a stepping stone.—Chicago Daily News.

MARKET REPORT.

CINCINNATI, July 18.
CATTLE—Common \$8.25 @ 4 25
Select butchers 5.00 @ 5.15
CALVES—Extras 6.25
HOGS—Select packers 5.15 @ 5.20
Mixed packers 5.25 @ 5.35
SHEEP—Choice 4.00 @ 4.15
LAMBS—Extra 6.25 @ 6.35
FLOUR—Spring pat. 4.20 @ 4.50
WHEAT—No. 2 red... 79
CORN—No. 2 mixed... 42 1/2%
OATS—No. 2 mixed... 27
RYE—No. 2 60 1/2%
HAY—Choice timothy 14.25 @ 14.50
MESS PORK 12.15
LAIRD—Steam 6.32 1/2%
BUTTER—Ch. dairy... 14
Choice creamery ... 21
APPLES—Ch. to fancy 3.50 @ 3.75
POTATOES—Per brl. 1.00 @ 1.10
TOBACCO—New 3.00 @ 16.25
Old 4.00 @ 14.75

CHICAGO.

FLOUR—Win. patent. 4.10 @ 4.20
WHEAT—No. 2 red... 78 1/4%
No. 3 spring..... 71 @ 73 1/2%
COIN—No. 2 38 1/2% @ 40
OATS—No. 2 24 @ 25
RYE 54 1/2%
POKE—Mess 10.80 @ 11.65
LARD—Steam 6.50 @ 6.67 1/2%

BALTIMORE.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 72 1/4% @ 72 1/2%
Southern 65 @ 76
CORN—No. 2 mixed.. 43 @ 43 1/2%
OATS—No. 2 mixed... 27 1/2% @ 28
CATTLE—First qual. 5.10 @ 5.25
HOGS—Western 5.80 @ 5.90

INDIANAPOLIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 77
CORN—No. 2 mixed... 43 1/2%
OATS—No. 2 mixed... 25 1/2%

LOUISVILLE.

FLOUR—Win. patent. 4.50 @ 4.75
WHEAT—No. 2 red... 75
CORN—Mixed 46
OATS—Mixed 27 1/2%
POKE—Mess 12.75 @ 13.50
LARD—Steam 7.05

DETROIT.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 72 1/4% @ 72 1/2%
CORN—No. 2 mixed.. 43 @ 43 1/2%
OATS—No. 2 mixed... 27 1/2% @ 28
CATTLE—First qual. 5.10 @ 5.25
HOGS—Western 5.80 @ 5.90

CHICAGO.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 75
CORN—Mixed 46
OATS—Mixed 27 1/2%
POKE—Mess 12.00 @ 12.50
LARD—Steam 7.00

ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 75
CORN—Mixed 46
OATS—Mixed 27 1/2%
POKE—Mess 12.00 @ 12.50
LARD—Steam 7.00

NEW YORK.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 78 1/4% @ 78 1/2%
CORN—No. 2 mixed.. 43 @ 43 1/2%
OATS—No. 2 mixed... 28 @ 28
RYE 60 1/2%
POKE—Mess 12.75 @ 13.50
LARD—Steam 7.05

PHILADELPHIA.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 75
CORN—Mixed 46
OATS—Mixed 27 1/2%
POKE—Mess 12.00 @ 12.50
LARD—Steam 7.00

ATLANTA.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 75
CORN—Mixed 46
OATS—Mixed 27 1/2%
POKE—Mess 12.00 @ 12.50
LARD—Steam 7.00

CHARLOTTE.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 75
CORN—Mixed 46
OATS—Mixed 27 1/2%
POKE—Mess 12.00 @ 12.50
LARD—Steam 7.00

MEMPHIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 75
CORN—Mixed 46
OATS—Mixed 27 1/2%
POKE—Mess 12.00 @ 12.50
LARD—Steam 7.00

ST. LOUIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 75
CORN—Mixed 46
OATS—Mixed 27 1/2%
POKE—Mess 12.00 @ 12.50
LARD—Steam 7.00

NEW ORLEANS.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 75
CORN—Mixed 46
OATS—Mixed 27 1/2%
POKE—Mess 12.00 @ 12.50
LARD—Steam 7.00

NEW YORK.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 75
CORN—Mixed 46
OATS—Mixed 27 1/2%
POKE—Mess 12.00 @ 12.50
LARD—Steam 7.00

PHILADELPHIA.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 75
CORN—Mixed 46
OATS—Mixed 27 1/2%
POKE—Mess 12.00 @ 12.50
LARD—Steam 7.00

ATLANTA.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 75
CORN—Mixed 46
OATS—Mixed 27 1/2%
POKE—Mess 12.00 @ 12.50
LARD—Steam 7.00

CHARLOTTE.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 75
CORN—Mixed 46
OATS—Mixed 27 1/2%
POKE—Mess 12.00 @ 12.50
LARD—Steam 7.00

MEMPHIS.

WHEAT—No. 2 red... 75
CORN—Mixed 46
OATS—Mixed 27 1/2%
POKE—Mess 1

Pretty Children

"We have three children. Before the birth of the last one my wife used four bottles of MOTHER'S FRIEND. If you had the pictures of our children, you could see at a glance that the last one is healthiest, prettiest and finest-looking of them all. My wife thinks Mother's Friend is the greatest and grandest remedy in the world for expectant mothers." — Written by a Kentucky Attorney-at-Law.



MOTHER'S FRIEND

prevents nine-tenths of the suffering incident to child-birth. The coming mother's disposition and temper remain unruffled throughout the ordeal, because this relaxing, penetrating liniment relieves the usual distress. A good-natured mother is pretty sure to have a good-natured child. The patient is kept in a strong, healthy condition, which the child also inherits. Mother's Friend takes a wife through the crisis quickly and almost painlessly. It assists in her rapid recovery, and wards off the dangers that so often follow delivery.

Sold by druggists for \$1 a bottle.

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO.

ATLANTA, GA.

Send for our free illustrated book written expressly for expectant mothers.

Small in size great in results are DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills that cleanse the liver and bowels. They do not gripe. W. T. Brooks.

The blood is strained and purified by the kidneys. No hope of health while the kidneys are wrong. Foley's Kidney Cure will make healthy kidney and pure blood. Clarke & Kenney.

All who suffer from piles will be glad to learn that DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve will give them instant and permanent relief. It will cure eczema and skin diseases. Beware of counterfeits. W. T. Brooks.

Ivy poisoning, poison wounds and all other accidental injuries may be quickly cured by using DeWitt's Witch Hazel salve. It is also a certain cure for piles and skin diseases. Take no other. W. T. Brooks.

Reports show that over fifteen hundred lives have been saved through the use of One Minute Cough Cure. Most these were cases of grippe, croup, asthma, whooping cough, bronchitis and pneumonia. Its early use prevents consumption. W. T. Brooks.

Unless food is digested quickly it will ferment and irritate the stomach. After each meal take a teaspoonful of Kodol Dyspepsia cure. It digests what you eat and will allow you to eat what you need of what you like. It never fails to cure the worst cases of dyspepsia. It is pleasant to take. W. T. Brooks.

Bumps or Bruises,

Sprains or sores, burns or scalds, wound or cuts, tetter or eczema, all quickly cured by Banner Salve, the most healing medicine in the world. Nothing else "just as good." Clarke & Kenney.

Any advertised dealer is authorized to guarantee Banner Salve for tetter, eczema, piles, sprains, cuts, scalds, burns, ulcers and open or old sore. Clarke & Kenney.

Does It Pay To Buy Cheap.

A cheap remedy for coughs and colds is all right, but you want something that will relieve and cure the more severe and dangerous results of throat and lung troubles. What shall you do? Go to a warmer and more regular climate? Yes if possible; if not possible for you, then in either case take the only remedy that has been introduced in all civilized countries with success in severe throat and lung troubles, "Bosche's German Syrup." It not only heals and stimulates the tissues to destroy the germ disease, but allays inflammation, causes easy expectoration, gives a good night's rest, and cures the patient. Try ONE bottle. Recommended many years by all druggist in the world. Sold by dealers in all civilized countries.

A Big Day in Paris!

MONDAY, July 23,
2 PERFORMANCES, AT 2 AND 8 P. M.,
RAIN OR SHINE.

Buckskin Bill's REALISTIC WILD WEST

Grand Military Tournament and Rough Riders of the World.

Purely Educational, Genuinely Historical, Delightfully Amusing; a Grand Inspiring Exhibition, Consisting of Cow Boys, Indians, Mexicans, Arabs, Cossacks, United States, English, German, French Cavalrymen, Roosevelt's Rough Riders and Battery of Light Artillery.

Requiring 1,000 Men and Horses.

Among the many features of this Mammoth Exhibition will be Feats of Marksmanship, introducing Buckskin Bill, who will appear at each performance, day and night, and give his wonderful exhibition of shooting from horseback at full speed, also a score of Male and Female Crack Shots of the world, in plain and fancy shooting.

WILD BRANGOS, A HERD OF BUEFALO AND TEXAS STEERS.

This enormous outfit is transported in its own Special Railroad trains of 34 double-jedged cars, complete in every particular, carrying all the Paraphernalia required for the largest Arena ever erected, seating 20,000 people, protecting the audience from Sun or Rain and being delightfully cool and so arranged as to be erected near the city in an easy accessible location. On the day of arrival there will be given a

Free Street Parade at 10 O'Clock a. m.

by Cavalrymen, Artillerymen, Cow Boys, Indians and Wild Horses, Buffalo, Long Horned Texas Cattle, Overland Mail Coach, Paria Schooner, Wagons and other relics of the West used in days gone by, all of which will be enlivened by Five Bands of Music, led by Harry Crigler's Famous Cow Boy Band.

Two Exhibitions Daily, Rain or Shine Afternoon at 2, Night at 8. Doors open one hour earlier.

NOTICE—Having purchased the grocery of Frank Collier, we will aim to keep a fresh line of staple and fancy goods, fresh vegetables and fruits. Also glass, Chinaware, cutlery, etc., and sell as low as any. Your patronage solicited. JONES BROS.

YOUNG MEN WANTED—with fair education and good character, to learn Telegraphy, Railroad Accounting and Typewriting. This is endorsed by all leading railway companies as the only perfect and reliable instruction of its kind. All our graduates are assisted to positions. Ladies also admitted. Write for free catalogue. Fall term opens August 15.

GLOBE TELEGRAPH COLLEGE,
j12-3m Lexington, Ky.

Neglect is the short step so many take from a cough or cold to consumption. The early use of One Minute Cough Cure prevents consumption. It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. It cures all throat and lung troubles. Children all like it and mothers endorse it. W. T. Brooks.

The Chinese ask "how is your liver?" instead of "how do you do?" for when the liver is active the health is good. DeWitt's Little Early Risers are famous little pills for the bowels. W. T. Brooks.

The L. & N.'s first excursion from Cincinnati to Natural Bridge this season passed through Paris Sunday. The train was made up of eight coaches, all crowded to the guards. Quite a number of Parisians went over.

LEXINGTON HORSE SHOW, FAIR AND CARNIVAL
PARIS EXPO. August 1900—13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18—1900
\$30,000 PURSE PREMIUMS \$30,000

Live Stock, Trotting, Pacing, Running, Mule Races,

Free Attractions.

THE HUNGARIAN BOYS' MILITARY BAND:
35—Fine Lads direct from Hungary in Daily Concerts—35.

THE WERNZ FAMILY.

6—MEMBERS—6

Aerialists Supreme.

The ARCADIAN VILLA

Will include the most gorgeous, extensive and attractive array of amusement features, the best and highest priced artists and the grandest aggregation of Oriental and modern novelty features ever congregated under one management. YOU CAN'T AFFORD TO MISS IT.

E. W. SHANKLIN, Secretary, Lexington, Ky.

Excursion rates on all railroads. See posters and small hand bills.

CANCER IS NOT INCURABLE

Time was when Cancer was considered as incurable as leprosy. Physicians and friends could give little relief or encouragement to one afflicted with this terrible disease. Even now doctors know of no remedy for this fearful malady; while admitting it to be a blood disease, they still insist that there is no hope outside of a surgical operation, and advise you to have the Cancer cut out, but at the same time cannot assure you that it will not return. You may cut or draw out the sore, but another will come in its place, for the disease is in the blood—is deep-seated and destructive, and beyond the reach of the surgeon's knife or caustic, flesh-destroying plasters. The blood must be purified and strengthened, the system relieved of all poisonous, effete matter before the Cancer sore will heal.

S. S. S. is the only medicine that can overcome this powerful and contaminating poison and force it out of the blood. It builds up and invigorates the old, and supplies new, rich, life-giving blood. S. S. S. is a purely vegetable remedy; no mineral can be found in it; the roots and herbs from which it is made contain powerful purifying properties that act directly upon the blood system and make a safe and permanent cure of Cancer. It has cured thousands, why not you?

Cancer is not always inherited; your family may be free from any taint, yet your blood may become so polluted that a severe and stubborn form of the disease may develop from a sore or ulcer on your tongue or other part of your body; a slight bruise or hurt, a little pimple on the eyelid, lip or ear, or other causes so insignificant as to attract little or no attention. If you have an obstinate sore, don't rely upon salves or ointments to cure it—begin with S. S. S.

Mrs. R. Shire, La Plata, Mo., writes: "A small pimple came on my jaw about one inch below the ear on the side of my face. I first gave it trouble, but I did not think it was anything serious until the jaw began to swell and became much larger. At the same time the sore began to spread and eat into the flesh, and gave me intense pain. I tried everything I could hear or think of, and me any good. I then began the use of S. S. S., and after taking several bottles the Cancer healed, and me now no sign of the disease. This was two years ago, and I am still enjoying perfect health."

Send for our special book on Cancer; it contains much information that will interest you, it is free.

Write our physicians about your case, and for any advice or information wanted; they have made a life study of Cancer and all blood diseases. We make no charge whatever for this.

SSS

Question Answered

Yes August Flower still has the largest sale of any medicine in the civilized world. Your mothers, and grandmothers, never thought of using anything else for indigestion or biliary disease. Doctors were scarce, and they seldom heard of Appendicitis, Nervous Prostration or Heart failure, etc. They used August Flower to clean out the system and stop fermentation of undigested food, regulate the action of the liver, stimulate the nervous and organic action of the system, and that is all they took when feeling dull and bad with headaches and other aches. You only need a few doses of Green's August Flower, in liquid form, to make you satisfied there is nothing serious the matter with you. Sold by dealers in all civilized countries. oct-27-1

To Asthma Sufferers.

Lawson Elvidge of Barrington, Ill., says he was cured of chronic asthma, of long standing by Phoebe's Honey and Tar. It gives positive relief in all cases of asthma, so this disease, when not completely cured, is robbed of all its terrors by this great remedy. Clarke & Kenney.

Starvation never yet cured dyspepsia. Persons with indigestion are already half starved. They need plenty of wholesome food. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat so that the body can be nourished while the worn out organs are being reconstructed. It is the only preparation known that will instantly relieve and completely cure all stomach troubles. Try it if you are suffering from indigestion. It will certainly do you good. W. T. Brooks.

Kentucky Chautauqua.

The fourteenth annual session of the Kentucky Chautauqua will be held at Woodland Park, Lexington, Ky., June 26 to July 9. A splendid program has been arranged that will surpass any yet given. Some of the most notable lecturers and entertainers in America have been engaged. A great musical program will be presented, with many new and special features. The detailed program will be mailed to any address upon application to Charles Scott, Business Manager, Lexington, Ky.

If you are sick all over, and don't know just what ails you, it's ten to one your kidneys are out of order. Foley's Kidney Cure will bring you health and energy. Clark & Kenney.

L. H. Landman, M. D.,
of No. 508 W. Ninth Street, Cincinnati,
Ohio.

Will be at the Windsor Hotel, Paris,
Ky.

TUESDAY, AUG. 14, 1900.
returning every second Tuesday in each month.

REFERENCE—Every leading physician in Paris, Kentucky.

JULY BARGAINS AT HEYMAN'S.

LAWNS—

Lawns, new styles, at reduced prices. These came to us by chance, so we are able to offer you these Lawns for which a month ago we should have to ask 20c and 25c, at

10c and 15c yard.

Come quick. Only one pattern of a kind here.

PARASOLS, FANS, &c.,

Must go now. We don't want to carry over any from one season to the next, so we have taken the knife and cut prices in two. You get all the profits and a good slice of the cost.

BELTS—

We have every new kind, in fact our assortment is so complete that you can't fail to be suited. Leather Belts in black, tan, green and red, newest buckles, 15c. Ribbon and Oze Calf, also patent leather pully belts, 25c. Dog Collar, embossed leather and ribbon pully belts, in black and colored, 45c.

SUMMER UNDERWEAR—

Ladies' Vests, the 10c grade, with taped neck and arms, 3 for 25c. Ladies' Vests, fancy neck, always sold at 15c, now 10c.

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR—

Corset Covers, slightly soiled, the 20c kind, at 10c; Corset covers, mussed and unsoiled, reduced from 25c to 19c; cambric drawers, elegantly trimmed with torchon lace and inserting, soiled and mussed from window display, reduced from 60c to 39c; Night Gowns, made of good material and nicely trimmed, unusual value at 50c.

SHOES—

Big Bargains For You. If you need a pair of Shoes it will pay you to come here and be fitted. We are selling our Shoes at COST PRICE. Nothing the matter with the Shoes, but we don't intend to handle them any longer, as we need the room for other goods.

HEYMAN'S.

SOME COOL READING!

Of course, the weather is hot, but we have a remedy for it.

For our men friends we have a line of light Flannel and Serge Suits and odd coats, straw hats, negligee shirts, duck trousers, thin underwear, etc.

For the ladies we have a fine line of organdies, lawns, dimities, muslins, shirt waists of every pattern, muslin lingerie, fans, parasols, all Summer goods of every description.

Just come in and see them.

TWIN BROS.